

## CLAIMS

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of computing FIR filter coefficients, comprising the steps of:

inputting a filter order of a universal maximally flat FIR filter, a number of  
 5 zeros at  $z=-1$ , and a parameter for a group delay at  $z=1$ , the filter order being a positive integer, the number of zeros being an integer equal to or more than zero, the parameter being a rational number;

executing a first operation by a first recurrence formula which includes  
 parameters for the filter order, the number of zeros, and the group delay, and provides  
 10 coefficients in Bernstein form representation of a transfer function of the universal maximally flat FIR filter;

executing a second operation by a second recurrence formula composed of  
 additions, subtractions, and divisions by 2, by using a resultant of the first operation as  
 an initial value; and

15 extracting impulse response coefficients of the universal maximally flat FIR filter from a resultant of the second operation.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein:

the first recurrence formula is expressed as

$$b_j' = (-1)\{(2d) b_{j-1}' + (j-1) b_{j-2}'\} / (N-j+1) \text{ where } 1 \leq j \leq N \text{ with } b_0' = 1$$

20 and  $b_{-1}' = 0$ ,

wherein the filter order is  $N$ , the parameter for the group delay is  $d$ , coefficients in  
 Bernstein form representation of a transfer function of the universal maximally flat FIR  
 filter are  $b_j'$ ;

the resultant of the first operation is expressed as  $B' = \{1, b_1', \dots, b_{N-K}', 0, \dots, 0\}$ ,

25 wherein the number of zeros is  $K$ ;

the second recurrence formula is expressed as

$$h_i^{(p)} = (1+E) h_i^{(p-1)} / 2 + (1-E) h_{i-1}^{(p-1)} / 2 \text{ where } 1 \leq p \leq N, 0 \leq i \leq p \text{ with } h_0^{(0)}$$

$= B'$  and  $h_{-1}^{(p)} = \{0, \dots, 0\}$ ,

wherein a sequence for computing impulse response coefficients of the universal

maximally flat FIR filter is expressed as  $h_i^{(p)} = (h_{i,j}^{(p)}) = (h_{i,0}^{(p)}, h_{i,1}^{(p)}, \dots)$ , and an arbitrary sequence  $A_i$  is expressed as  $E^j = E ( E^{j-1} A_i )$ ,  $E^1 A_i = E A_i = A_{i+1}$ ,  $E^0 A_i = A_i$  in which a forward shift operator satisfying the expression is  $E$ ; and

the impulse response coefficients extracted from the resultant of the second  
5 operation are expressed as  $h_i = h_{i,0}^{(N)}$  where  $0 \leq i \leq N$

3. A program for computing FIR filter coefficients, the program causing a computer to execute the steps of:

determining every element of a single-dimension array  $B'$  using a filter order  $N$   
being a positive integer of a universal maximally flat FIR filter, a number of zeros  $K$  at  
10  $z=-1$ ,  $K$  being an integer equal to or more than zero, and a parameter  $d$  for a group delay  
at  $z=1$ ,  $d$  being a rational number, all of which are provided by inputs, by changing in  
sequence an index  $j$  from 1 to  $N-K$  in a recurrence formula  $B'[j] = (-1) \times \{ (2d)B'[j-1] +$   
 $(j-1)B'[j-2] \} / (N - j + 1)$ , the single-dimension array having  $N+1$  elements  $B'[j]$  where  $0$   
 $\leq j \leq N$ , in which an element  $B'[0]$  thereof is initialized to 1 and all the elements thereof  
15 except the element  $B'[0]$  are initialized to zero;

determining every element of a three-dimension array  $r$  by sequentially  
changing, in the order of indexes  $j, i, p$ , an index  $j$  from 0 to  $N-p$ , and an index  $i$  from 0  
to  $p$ , an index  $p$  from 1 to  $N$  in a recurrence formula  $r[p,i,j] = ( r[p-1,i-1,j] -$   
 $r[p-1,i-1,j+1] ) / 2 + ( r[p-1,i,j] + r[p-1,i,j+1] ) / 2$ , the three-dimension array  $r$  having  $N^3$   
20 elements  $r[p,i,j]$  where  $0 \leq p \leq N$ ,  $0 \leq i \leq N$ ,  $0 \leq j \leq N$ , in which elements  $r[0,0,j]$  thereof  
where  $0 \leq j \leq N-K$  are initialized to elements of the single-dimension array  $B'[j]$  where  $0$   
 $\leq j \leq N-K$ , and all the elements thereof except the elements  $r[0,0,j]$  are initialized to  
zero; and

extracting elements  $r[N,i,0]$  of the three-dimension array  $r$  where  $0 \leq i \leq N$  as  
25 the impulse response coefficients of the universal maximally flat FIR filter.